



## **Material Safety Data Sheet**

NFPA	HMIS	Personal Protective Equipment
230	Health Hazard 2 Fire Hazard 3	
	Reactivity 2	See Section 15.

Section 1. Chem	ical Product and Company Identification		Page Number: 1
Common Name/ Trade Name	2-Nitropropane	Catalog Number(s).	N2346
		CAS#	79-46-9
Manufacturer	SPECTRUM LABORATORY PRODUCTS INC.	RTECS	TZ5250000
	14422 S. SAN PEDRO STREET GARDENA, CA 90248	TSCA	TSCA 8(b) inventory: 2-Nitropropane
Commercial Name(s)	Not available.	CI#	Not available.
Synonym	beta-Nitropropane; 2-NP; Dimethylnitromethane; Isonitropropane	IN CASE OF EMERGENCY	
Chemical Name	2-Nitropropane	CHEMTREC	C (24hr) 800-424-9300
Chemical Family	Not available.	CALL (310) 5	16-8000
Chemical Formula	C3-H7-N-O2	=	
Supplier	SPECTRUM LABORATORY PRODUCTS INC. 14422 S. SAN PEDRO STREET GARDENA, CA 90248	_	

Section 2.Composition and Information on Ingredients						
				Exposure Limits		
Name		CAS#	TWA (mg/m³)	STEL (mg/m³)	CEIL (mg/m³)	% by Weight
1) {2-}Nitropropane		79-46-9				100
Toxicological Data on Ingredients	<b>2-Nitropropane</b> : ORAL (LD50): VAPOR (LC50):	Acute: 720 mg/kg Acute: 400 ppm 6	g [Rat]. 6 hours [Rat]. 1000	0 mg/m³ 2 hours [	Mouse].	

### Section 3. Hazards Identification

Potential Acute Health Effects Hazardous in case of ingestion, of inhalation. Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant, permeator), of

eye contact (irritant). Severe over-exposure can result in death.

**Potential Chronic Health Effects** 

**CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS**: Classified + (Proven.) by OSHA. Classified A3 (Proven for animal.) by ACGIH, 2B (Possible for human.) by IARC.

MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Mutagenic for bacteria and/or yeast.

TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. **DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY**: Not available.

The substance is toxic to the nervous system, central nervous system (CNS).

The substance may be toxic to liver.

Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage. Repeated exposure to a

2-Nitropropane	Page Number: 2
	highly toxic material may produce general deterioration of health by an accumulation in one or many human organs.
Section 4. First Aid Measures	

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Eye Contact	Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for a least 15 minutes. Cold water may be used. WARM water MUST be used. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Skin Contact	Wash with soap and water. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. Get medical attention if irritation develops.
Serious Skin Contact	Not available.
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Ge medical attention immediately.
Serious Inhalation	Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. WARNING: It may be hazardous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation when the inhaled material is toxic, infectious or corrosive. Seek immediate medical attention.
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to ar unconscious person. If large quantities of this material are swallowed, call a physician immediately. Loosen tigh clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
<b>Serious Ingestion</b>	Not available.

Section 5. Fire and Explosion Data		
Flammability of the Product	Flammable.	
<b>Auto-Ignition Temperature</b>	428°C (802.4°F)	
Flash Points	CLOSED CUP: 27.778°C (82°F). OPEN CUP: 24°C (75.2°F).	
Flammable Limits	LOWER: 2.6% UPPER: 11%	
<b>Products of Combustion</b>	These products are carbon oxides (CO, CO2), nitrogen oxides (NO, NO2).	
Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Highly flammable in presence of open flames and sparks, of heat. Flammable in presence of oxidizing materials. Non-flammable in presence of shocks.	
Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Risks of explosion of the product in presence of mechanical impact: Not available. Slightly explosive in presence of open flames and sparks, of heat.	
Fire Fighting Media and Instructions	Flammable liquid, soluble or dispersed in water.  SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemical powder.  LARGE FIRE: Use alcohol foam, water spray or fog. Cool containing vessels with water jet in order to prevent pressure build-up, autoignition or explosion.	
Special Remarks on Fire Hazards	May form explosive mixtures with air.	
Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards	May decompose or polymerize explosively under fire conditions.  Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.  Containers may explode when heated.	

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Section 6. Acc	idental Release Measures
Small Spill	Absorb with an inert material and put the spilled material in an appropriate waste disposal.
Large Spill	Flammable liquid.  Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Stop leak if without risk. Absorb with DRY earth, sand or other non-combustible material. Do not touch spilled material. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed. Be careful that the product is not present at a concentration level above TLV. Check TLV on the MSDS and with local authorities.

Section 7. Handling and Storage	
Precautions	Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Ground all equipment containing material. Do not ingest. Do not breathe gas/fumes/ vapor/spray. Wear suitable protective clothing. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Keep away from incompatibles such as oxidizing agents, combustible materials, acids, alkalis.
Storage	Store in a segregated and approved area. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection		
<b>Engineering Controls</b>	Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are proximal to the work-station location.	
<b>Personal Protection</b>	Safety glasses. Lab coat. Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Gloves.	
Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill	Splash goggles. Full suit. Vapor respirator. Boots. Gloves. A self contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.	
<b>Exposure Limits</b>	TWA: 10 (ppm) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States]	
	Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.	

Physical state and appearance	Liquid.	Odor	Pleasant. Fruity.
Molecular Weight	89.09 g/mole	Taste	Not available.
pH (1% soln/water)	Not available.	Color	Colorless.
Boiling Point	120.3°C (248.5°F)		
Melting Point	-93°C (-135.4°F)		
Critical Temperature	Not available.		
Specific Gravity	0.992 @ 20 deg. C(Water = 1) 0.9821 @ 25 deg. C		
Vapor Pressure	Not available.		
Vapor Density	3.07 (Air = 1)		
Volatility	Not available.		
Odor Threshold	Not available.		
Water/Oil Dist. Coeff.	Not available.		
Ionicity (in Water)	Not available.		
Dispersion Properties	Not available.		

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Solubility	Very slightly soluble in cold water. Soluble in chloroform. Miscible with most aromatic hydrocarbons, ketones, esters. Miscible with most ethers, and lower carboxylic acids. Solubility in water: 1.7 ml/100 ml water.	

Section 10. Stability and Reactivity Data		
Stability	The product is stable.	
<b>Instability Temperature</b>	Not available.	
<b>Conditions of Instability</b>	Heat, ignition sources, incompatible materials	
Incompatibility with various substances	Highly reactive with oxidizing agents. Reactive with combustible materials, acids, alkalis.	
Corrosivity	Not available.	
Special Remarks on Reactivity	Incompatible with oleum, chlorosulfonic acid, lead, strong alkalies/bases, amines, strong acids, oxidizers, metal oxides (mercury oxide or silver oxide), carbon + hopcalite (catalyst consisting of coprecipated copper (II) oxide and manganese (IV) oxide), combustible materials, copper and copper alloys. May attack some forms of plastic.	
Special Remarks on Corrosivity	Not available.	
Polymerization	Will not occur.	

Section 11. Toxicological Information			
<b>Routes of Entry</b>	Absorbed through skin. Eye contact. Inhalation.		
<b>Toxicity to Animals</b>	WARNING: THE LC50 VALUES HEREUNDER ARE ESTIMATED ON THE BASIS OF A 4-HOUR EXPOSURE. Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 720 mg/kg [Rat]. Acute toxicity of the vapor (LC50): 400 6 hours [Rat].		
Chronic Effects on Humans	CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified + (Proven.) by OSHA. Classified A3 (Proven for animal.) by ACGIH, 2B (Possible for human.) by IARC.  MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Mutagenic for bacteria and/or yeast.  Causes damage to the following organs: the nervous system, central nervous system (CNS).  May cause damage to the following organs: liver.		
Other Toxic Effects on Humans	Hazardous in case of ingestion, of inhalation. Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant, permeator).		
Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals	Lowest Published Lethal Dose: LDL [Rabbit] - Route: Oral; Dose: 500 mg/kg LCL [Rabbit] - Route: Inhalation; Dose: 2381 ppm/5H		
Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans	May cause adverse reproductive effects and birth defects (teratogenic)based on animal test data. May affect genetic material (mutagenic). May cause cancer		
Special Remarks on other Toxic Effects on Humans	Acute Potential Health Effects: Skin: Causes skin irritation. Eyes: Causes eye irritation with lacrimation. May also cause mydriasis. Inhalation: Inhalation of mist or vapor causes respiratory tract (nose, throat, lung) irritation with coughing and/or shortness of breath (dyspnea). It may affect behavior/central nervous system and cause dizziness, attaxia, somnolence, convulsions, lethargy, weakness, nausea, vomiting, headache, and suffocation. Other symptoms may include loss of appetite (anorexia), hypermotility, diarrhea, shortness of breath. Inhalation of high doses may also produce pulmonary edema and hemorrhage, and cause liver damage. High levels may also interfere with the ability of the blood to carry oxygen causing methemoglobinemia and cyanosis. Methemoglobinemia is characterized by chocolate-brown colored blood. Cyanosis is characterized by bluish skin and lips due defficient oxygenation of blood. Acute effects of exposure can occur at concentration of 25 to 45 ppm. Ingestion: May cause gastrointestinal tract irritation with nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. May affect behavior/central nervous system, respiratory system, and blood with symptoms similar to that of inhalation Chronic Potential Health Effects: Inhalation: Prolonged or repeated (occupational) exposure to concentrations above above 20 ppm may produce		

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	symptoms to acute inhalation and may cause liver damage or congestion, intestinal tract congestion, respiratory

Section 12. Ecological Information			
Ecotoxicity	Not available.		
BOD5 and COD	Not available.		
<b>Products of Biodegradation</b>	Possibly hazardous short term degradation products are not likely. However, long term degradation products may arise.		
<b>Toxicity of the Products of Biodegradation</b>	The products of degradation are less toxic than the product itself.		
Special Remarks on the Products of Biodegradation	Not available.		

#### Section 13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental

control regulations.

### Section 14. Transport Information

DOT Classification CLASS 3: Flammable liquid.

Identification : Nitropropanes UNNA: 2608 PG: III

Special Provisions for

Transport

Not available.

DOT (Pictograms)



## Section 15. Other Regulatory Information and Pictograms

Federal and State Regulations California prop. 65: This product contains the following ingredients for which the State of California has found to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm, which would require a warning under the statute:

2-Nitropropane

California prop. 65: This product contains the following ingredients for which the State of California has found to

cause cancer which would require a warning under the statute: 2-Nitropropane

Connecticut hazardous material survey.: 2-Nitropropane

Illinois toxic substances disclosure to employee act: 2-Nitropropane

Illinois chemical safety act: 2-Nitropropane New York release reporting list: 2-Nitropropane

Rhode Island RTK hazardous substances: 2-Nitropropane

Pennsylvania RTK: 2-Nitropropane

Minnesota: 2-Nitropropane

Massachusetts RTK: 2-Nitropropane Massachusetts spill list: 2-Nitropropane

New Jersey: 2-Nitropropane New Jersey spill list: 2-Nitropropane Louisiana spill reporting: 2-Nitropropane

California Director's List of Hazardous Substances: 2-Nitropropane

TSCA 8(b) inventory: 2-Nitropropane

TSCA 4(a) proposed test rules: 2-Nitropropane

TSCA 8(a) PAIR: 2-Nitropropane

TSCA 8(d) H and S data reporting: 2-Nitropropane: effective date: 3/11/94; sunset date: 6/30/98

SARA 313 toxic chemical notification and release reporting: 2-Nitropropane CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: 2-Nitropropane: 10 lbs. (4.536 kg)

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Cantornia Proposition 65 Warnings	to cause cancer wl California prop. 65	hich would require a warning under the sta	edients for which the State of California has found		
Other Regulations	OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).				
Other Classifications	WHMIS (Canada)	Canada)  CLASS B-2: Flammable liquid with a flash point lower than 37.8°C (100°F).  CLASS D-1A: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (VERY TOXIC).  CLASS D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (VERY TOXIC).			
	DSCL (EEC)	R10- Flammable. R20/22- Harmful by inhalation and if swallowed. R45- May cause cancer.	S16- Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. S45- In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible). S53- Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.		
HMIS (U.S.A.)	Health Hazard  Fire Hazard  Reactivity  Personal Protection	2 National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.) 2	Health Planmability  Reactivity  Specific hazard		
WHMIS (Canada) (Pictograms)					
DSCL (Europe) (Pictograms)	****				
TDG (Canada) (Pictograms)					
ADR (Europe) (Pictograms)					
Protective Equipment	Glo	ves.			
		o coat.			
	app equ whe	oor respirator. Be sure to use an proved/certified respirator or divalent. Wear appropriate respirator en ventilation is inadequate.  ety glasses.			
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Section 16. Other Information			
MSDS Code	N3488		
References	Not available.		
Other Special Considerations	Not available.		
Validated by Sonia Owen on 8/11/2006.		Verified by Sonia Owen.	
		Printed 9/12/2006.	
CALL (310) 516-80	00		

# Notice to Reader

All chemicals may pose unknown hazards and should be used with caution. This Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) applies only to the material as packaged. If this product is combined with other materials, deteriorates, or becomes contaminated, it may pose hazards not mentioned in this MSDS. It shall be the user's responsibility to develop proper methods of handling and personal protection based on the actual conditions of use. While this MSDS is based on technical data judged to be reliable, Spectrum Quality Products, Inc. assumes no responsibility for the completeness or accuracy of the information contained herein.