





Material Safety Data Sheet

NFPA	HMIS	Personal Protective Equipment						
	<table><tr><td>Health Hazard</td><td>2</td></tr><tr><td>Fire Hazard</td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>Reactivity</td><td>3</td></tr></table>	Health Hazard	2	Fire Hazard	1	Reactivity	3	 See Section 15.
Health Hazard	2							
Fire Hazard	1							
Reactivity	3							

Section 1. Chemical Product and Company Identification			Page Number: 1
Common Name/ Trade Name	3-Chloroperoxybenzoic acid	Catalog Number(s).	C1227
		CAS#	937-14-4
Manufacturer	SPECTRUM LABORATORY PRODUCTS INC. 14422 S. SAN PEDRO STREET GARDENA, CA 90248	RTECS	SD9470000
		TSCA	TSCA 8(b) inventory: 3-Chloroperoxybenzoic acid
Commercial Name(s)	Not available.	CI#	Not available.
Synonym	3-Chloroperbenzoic Acid; m-CPBA	IN CASE OF EMERGENCY CHEMTREC (24hr) 800-424-9300 CALL (310) 516-8000	
Chemical Name	3-Chloroperoxybenzoic Acid		
Chemical Family	Not available.		
Chemical Formula	C7H5ClO3		
Supplier	SPECTRUM LABORATORY PRODUCTS INC. 14422 S. SAN PEDRO STREET GARDENA, CA 90248		

Section 2. Composition and Information on Ingredients					
		Exposure Limits			
Name	CAS #	TWA (mg/m ³)	STEL (mg/m ³)	CEIL (mg/m ³)	% by Weight
1) {3-}Chloroperoxybenzoic acid	937-14-4				100
Toxicological Data on Ingredients	3-Chloroperoxybenzoic acid LD50: Not available. LC50: Not available.				

Section 3. Hazards Identification	
Potential Acute Health Effects	Hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of eye contact (irritant), of ingestion, of inhalation. Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (corrosive), of eye contact (corrosive). The amount of tissue damage depends on length of contact. Eye contact can result in corneal damage or blindness. Skin contact can produce inflammation and blistering. Inhalation of dust will produce irritation to gastro-intestinal or respiratory tract, characterized by burning, sneezing and coughing. Severe over-exposure can produce lung damage, choking, unconsciousness or death. Prolonged exposure may result in skin burns and ulcerations. Over-exposure by inhalation may cause respiratory irritation.

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Potential Chronic Health Effects

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.
MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.
TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.
DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Not available.

The substance is toxic to lungs.

Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage. Repeated exposure of the eyes to a low level of dust can produce eye irritation. Repeated skin exposure can produce local skin destruction, or dermatitis. Repeated inhalation of dust can produce varying degree of respiratory irritation or lung damage.

Section 4. First Aid Measures**Eye Contact**

Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin Contact

In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.

Serious Skin Contact

Wash with a disinfectant soap and cover the contaminated skin with an anti-bacterial cream. Seek immediate medical attention.

Inhalation

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention immediately.

Serious Inhalation

Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. **WARNING:** It may be hazardous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation when the inhaled material is toxic, infectious or corrosive. Seek immediate medical attention.

Ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If large quantities of this material are swallowed, call a physician immediately. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Serious Ingestion

Not available.

Section 5. Fire and Explosion Data**Flammability of the Product**

May be combustible at high temperature.

Auto-Ignition Temperature

Not available.

Flash Points

Not available.

Flammable Limits

Not available.

Products of Combustion

These products are carbon oxides (CO, CO₂), halogenated compounds.

Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances

Slightly flammable to flammable in presence of open flames and sparks, of heat.

Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances

Risks of explosion of the product in presence of static discharge: Not available.
Highly explosive in presence of shocks.

Fire Fighting Media and Instructions

Oxidizing material.
Do not use water jet. Use flooding quantities of water. Avoid contact with organic materials.

Special Remarks on Fire Hazards

Not available.

Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards

Material in powder form, capable of creating a dust explosion.
May explode if allowed to dry.

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Small Spill	Use appropriate tools to put the spilled solid in a convenient waste disposal container.
Large Spill	Oxidizing material. Organic peroxide. Corrosive solid. Stop leak if without risk. Do not get water inside container. Avoid contact with a combustible material (wood, paper, oil, clothing...). Keep substance damp using water spray. Do not use metal tools or equipment. Do not touch spilled material. Use water spray to reduce vapors. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed. Eliminate all ignition sources. Call for assistance on disposal.

Section 7. Handling and Storage

Precautions	Keep container dry. Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Keep away from combustible material.. Empty containers pose a fire risk, evaporate the residue under a fume hood. Ground all equipment containing material. Do not ingest. Do not breathe dust. Never add water to this product. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep away from incompatibles such as oxidizing agents, reducing agents, combustible materials, organic materials, alkalis.
Storage	Refrigerate. Keep container tightly closed. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Separate from acids, alkalies, reducing agents and combustibles. See NFPA 43A, Code for the Storage of Liquid and Solid Oxidizers. Do not store above 4°C (39.2°F).

Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Engineering Controls	Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to keep airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If user operations generate dust, fume or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit.
Personal Protection	Splash goggles. Synthetic apron. Vapor and dust respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Gloves.
Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill	Splash goggles. Full suit. Vapor and dust respirator. Boots. Gloves. A self contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.
Exposure Limits	Not available.

Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical state and appearance	Solid. (Crystalline solid.)	Odor	Not available.
Molecular Weight	172.57 g/mole	Taste	Not available.
pH (1% soln/water)	Not applicable.	Color	White.
Boiling Point	Not available.		
Melting Point	93°C (199.4°F)		
Critical Temperature	Not available.		
Specific Gravity	Not available.		
Vapor Pressure	Not applicable.		
Vapor Density	Not available.		
Volatility	Not available.		
Odor Threshold	Not available.		
Water/Oil Dist. Coeff.	Not available.		
Ionicity (in Water)	Not available.		
Dispersion Properties	Not available.		

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Solubility Insoluble in cold water.

Section 10. Stability and Reactivity Data

Stability The product is stable.

Instability Temperature Not available.

Conditions of Instability Excess heat, incompatible materials

Incompatibility with various substances Reactive with reducing agents, combustible materials, organic materials, alkalis.

Corrosivity Non-corrosive in presence of glass.

Special Remarks on Reactivity Incompatible with:
Nickel, iron, manganese oxide, acids (mineral, nonoxidizing, e.g. hydrochloric acid, hydrofluoric acid, muratic acid, phosphoric acid), metals and metal compounds (toxic, e.g. beryllium, lead acetate, nickel carbonyl, tetraethyl lead), nitrides (e.g. potassium nitride, sodium nitride), combustible and flammable materials (e.g. alkyl resins, asphalt, gasoline, grease, methyl acetone, polystyrene, polyurethane), oxidizing agents (strong, e.g. bromine, hydrogen peroxide, nitrogen dioxide, potassium nitrate), reducing agents (strong, e.g., aluminum carbide, chlorosilane, hydrogen phosphide, lithium hydride).

Special Remarks on Corrosivity Not available.

Polymerization Will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological Information

Routes of Entry Inhalation. Ingestion.

Toxicity to Animals LD50: Not available.
LC50: Not available.

Chronic Effects on Humans Causes damage to the following organs: lungs.

Other Toxic Effects on Humans Hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of ingestion, of inhalation (lung corrosive).
Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (corrosive), of eye contact (corrosive).

Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals Not available.

Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans May cause cancer (tumorigenic) based on animal data

Special Remarks on other Toxic Effects on Humans Acute Potential Health Effects:
Skin: Causes skin irritation ad possible skin burns.
Eyes: Causes eye irritation and possible burns.
Inhalation: Causes respiratory tract and mucous membran irritation and possible chemical burns to the respiratory tract.
Ingestion: Causes gastrointestinal tract irriation with possible burns. May cause severe and permanent damage to the digestive tract.

Section 12. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity Not available.

BOD5 and COD Not available.

Products of Biodegradation Possibly hazardous short term degradation products are not likely. However, long term degradation products may arise.

Toxicity of the Products of Biodegradation The products of degradation are as toxic as the product itself.

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Special Remarks on the
Products of Biodegradation

Not available.

Section 13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal

Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations.

Section 14. Transport Information

DOT Classification

CLASS 5.2: Organic peroxide. Type D

Identification

: Organic peroxide, type d, solid (3-Chloroperoxybenzoic acid) UNNA: UN 3106 PG: II

Special Provisions for
Transport

Not available.

DOT (Pictograms)



Section 15. Other Regulatory Information and Pictograms

Federal and State
RegulationsNew Jersey: 3-Chloroperoxybenzoic acid
TSCA 8(b) inventory: 3-Chloroperoxybenzoic acidCalifornia
Proposition 65
Warnings

Other Regulations

OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
EINECS: This product is on the European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

Other Classifications

WHMIS (Canada)

CLASS C: Oxidizing material.
CLASS D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (VERY TOXIC).

DSCL (EEC)

R5- Heating may cause an explosion.
R8- Contact with combustible material
may cause fire.
R22- Harmful if swallowed.
R34- Causes burns.S3/7/9- Keep container tightly closed in a cool,
well-ventilated place.
S17- Keep away from combustible material.
S24/25- Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
S26- In case of contact with eyes, rinse
immediately with plenty of water and seek
medical advice.
S36/37/39- Wear suitable protective clothing,
gloves and eye/face protection.
S45- In case of accident or if you feel unwell,
seek medical advice immediately (show the
label where possible).

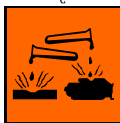
HMIS (U.S.A.)

Health Hazard	2
Fire Hazard	1
Reactivity	3
Personal Protection	j

National Fire Protection
Association (U.S.A.)

Health	1	Flammability
	2	
	3	Reactivity
	OXY	Specific hazard

WHMIS (Canada)
(Pictograms)

**DSCL (Europe)
(Pictograms)****TDG (Canada)
(Pictograms)****ADR (Europe)
(Pictograms)****Protective Equipment**

Gloves.



Synthetic apron.



Vapor and dust respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.



Splash goggles.

Section 16. Other Information**MSDS Code** C4416**References** Not available.**Other Special Considerations** Not available.

Validated by Sonia Owen on 8/11/2006.

Verified by Sonia Owen.

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CALL (310) 516-8000

Notice to Reader

All chemicals may pose unknown hazards and should be used with caution. This Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) applies only to the material as packaged. If this product is combined with other materials, deteriorates, or becomes contaminated, it may pose hazards not mentioned in this MSDS. It shall be the user's responsibility to develop proper methods of handling and personal protection based on the actual conditions of use. While this MSDS is based on technical data judged to be reliable, Spectrum Quality Products, Inc. assumes no responsibility for the completeness or accuracy of the information contained herein.