



## **Material Safety Data Sheet**

NFPA	HMIS	Personal Protective Equipment
	Health Hazard3Fire Hazard0Reactivity0	See Section 15.

Section 1. Chemic	al Product and Company Identification			Page Number: 1
Common Name/ Trade Name	Acetic Acid, 10% (w/v)		Catalog Number(s).	A329
			CAS#	Mixture.
Manufacturer	SPECTRUM LABORATORY PRODUCTS INC. 14422 S. SAN PEDRO STREET GARDENA, CA 90248		RTECS	Not applicable.
			TSCA	TSCA 8(b) inventory: Water, Acetic acid
Commercial Name(s)	Not available.		CI#	Not applicable.
Synonym	Acetic Acid, 10% (v/v)		-	
Chemical Name	Not applicable.		IN CASE OF I	<u>24hr) 800-424-9300</u>
Chemical Family	(Acid.)		CALL (310) 51	6-8000
Chemical Formula	Not applicable.			
Supplier	SPECTRUM LABORATORY PRODUCTS INC. 14422 S. SAN PEDRO STREET GARDENA, CA 90248			

				Exposure Limits		
Name		CAS #	TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	CEIL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	% by Weight
1) Water 2) Acetic acid		7732-18-5 64-19-7	10	15		90 10
Toxicological Data on Ingredients	Acetic acid: ORAL (LD50): DERMAL (LD50): VAPOR (LC50):	Acute: 3310 mg/kg [ Acute: 1060 mg/kg [ Acute: 5620 ppm 1 l		uæ]. 3530 mg/kg	[Rat].	

Potential Acute Health Effects Very hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of eye contact (irritant). Hazardous in case of ingestion, . Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (corrosive, permeator), of eye contact (corrosive). Liquid or spray mist may produce tissue damage particularly on mucous membranes of eyes, mouth and respiratory tract. Skin contact may produce bums Inhalation of the spray mist may produce severe irritation of respiratory tract, characterized by coughing, choking, or shortness of breath. Inflammation of the eye is characterized by redness, watering, and itching. Skin inflammation is characterized by itching, scaling, reddening, or, occasionally, blistering.

Acetic Acid, 10% (w/v	r) Page Number: 2
Potential Chronic Health Effects	CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Mutagenic for mammalian somatic cells [Acetic acid]. Mutagenic for bacteria and/or yeast. [Acetic acid]. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Not available. Repeated or prolonged contact with spray mist may produce chronic eye irritation and severe skin irritation. Repeated or prolonged exposure to spray mist may produce respiratory tract irritation leading to frequent attacks of bronchial infection.
Section 4. First Aid M	easures
Eye Contact	Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Cold water may be used. Get medical attention.
Skin Contact	In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Cold water may be used. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Get medical attention.
Serious Skin Contact	Wash with a disinfectant soap and cover the contaminated skin with an anti-bacterial cream. Seek medical attention.
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.
Serious Inhalation	Not available.
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention if symptoms appear.
Serious Ingestion	Not available.
Section 5. Fire and Ex	plosion Data
Flammability of the Product	Non-flammable.
Auto-Ignition Temperature	Not applicable.

Auto-Ignition Temperature	Not applicable.
Flash Points	Not applicable.
<b>Flammable Limits</b>	Not applicable.
Products of Combustion	Not available.
Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Not applicable.
Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Non-explosive in presence of open flames and sparks, of shocks.
Fire Fighting Media and Instructions	Not applicable.
Special Remarks on Fire Hazards	Not available.
Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards	Acetic acid vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Reactions between acetic acid and the following materials are potentially explosive: 5-azidotetrazole, bromine pentafluoride, chromium trioxide, hydrogen peroxide, potassium permanganate, sodium peroxide, and phorphorus trichloride. Dilute acetic acid and dilute hydrogen can undergo an exothermic reaction if heated, forming peracetic acid which is explosive at 110 degrees C. Reaction between chlorine trifluoride and acetic acid is very violent, sometimes explosive. (Acetic acid)

Page Number: 3

Small Spill	Dilute with water and mop up, or absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. If necessary: <b>Neutralize the residue with a dilute solution of sodium carbonate.</b> Finish cleaning by spreading water on the contaminated surface and dispose of according to local and regional authority requirements.
Large Spill	Corrosive liquid. Stop leak if without risk. Absorb with DRY earth, sand or other non-combustible material. Do not get water inside container. Do not touch spilled material. Use water spray curtain to divert vapor drift. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas, dike if needed. Call for assistance on disposal. Neutralize the residue with a dilute solution of sodium carbonate. Finish cleaning by spreading water on the contaminated surface and allow to evacuate through the sanitary system. Be careful that the product is not present at a concentration level above TLV.
Section 7. Hand	Check TLV on the MSDS and with local authorities.
Section 7. Hand	

Engineering Controls	Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value.
<b>Personal Protection</b>	Face shield. Full suit. Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Gloves. Boots.

- Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill Splash goggles. Full suit. Vapor respirator. Boots. Gloves: A self contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.
- Exposure LimitsAcetic acidTWA: 10 STEL: 15 (ppm) [Australia]TWA: 25 STEL: 27 (mg/m³) [Australia]TWA: 25 STEL: 15 (ppm) from NIOSHTWA: 25 STEL: 37 (mg/m³) from NIOSHTWA: 10 STEL: 15 (ppm) [Canada]TWA: 26 STEL: 39 (mg/m³) [Canada]TWA: 25 STEL: 37 (mg/m³)TWA: 25 STEL: 37 (mg/m³)TWA: 26 STEL: 39 (mg/m³)TWA: 25 STEL: 37 (mg/m³)TWA: 25 STEL: 37 (mg/m³)TWA: 10 STEL: 15 (ppm) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] [1999]TWA: 10 (ppm) from OSHA (PEL) [United States]TWA: 25 (mg/m³) from OSHA (PEL) [United States]

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Section 9. Physical	and Chemical Properties		
Physical state and appearance	Liquid.	Odor	Pungent. (Slight.)
Molecular Weight	Not applicable.	Taste	Not available.
pH (1% soln/water)	Acidic.	Color	Colorless
Boiling Point	The lowest known value is 100°C (212°F) (Water). We ighted average: 101.81°C (215.3°F)		
Melting Point	May start to solidify at 16.6°C (61.9°F) based on d ata for: Acetic acid.		
Critical Temperature	The lowest known value is 321.67°C (611°F) (Acetic acid).		
Specific Gravity	Weighted average: 1.01 (Water = 1)		
Vapor Pressure	The highest known value is 2.3 kPa (@ 20℃) (Water). Weighted average: 2.22 kPa (@ 20℃)		
Vapor Density	The highest known value is 2.07 (Air = 1) (Acetic acid). Weighted average: 0.77 (Air = 1)		
Volatility	Not available.		
Continued on Next Page			

Acetic Acid, 10% (w	//v)	Page Number: 4
Odor Threshold	The highest known value is 0.48 ppm (Acetic acid)	
Water/Oil Dist. Coeff.	The product is more soluble in water.	
Ionicity (in Water)	Not available.	
<b>Dispersion Properties</b>	Partially dispersed in methanol, diethyl ether, n-octanol. See solubility in water, methanol, diethyl ether, n-octanol, acetone.	
Solubility	Easily soluble in cold water, hot water. Partially soluble in methanol, diethyl ether, n-octanol, acetone.	

## Section 10. Stability and Reactivity Data

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Stability	The product is stable.
Instability Temperature	Not available.
Conditions of Instability	Incompatible materials
Incompatibility with various substances	Slightly reactive to reactive with oxidizing agents, reducing agents, metals, acids, alkalis.
Corrosivity	Corrosive in presence of zinc. Slightly corrosive in presence of steel, of aluminum, of copper, brass. Non-corrosive in presence of glass, of stainless steel(304), of stainless steel(316).
Special Remarks on Reactivity	Reacts violently with strong oxidizing agents, acetaldehyde, and acetic anhydride. Material can react with metals, strong bases, amines, carbonates, hydroxides, phosphates, many oxides, cyanides, sulfides, chromic acid, nitric acid, hydrogen peroxide, carbonates ammonium nitrate, ammonium thiosulfate, chlorine trifluoride, chlorosulfonic acid, perchloric acid, permanganates, xylene, oleum, potassium hydroxide, sodium hydroxide, phosphorus isocyanate, ethylenediamine, ethylene imine. (Acetic acid)
Special Remarks on Corrosivity	Moderate corrosive effect on bronze. No corrosion data on brass (Acetic acid)
Polymerization	Will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological	Information
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<b>Routes of Entry</b>	Absorbed through skin. Eye contact. Inhalation.
Toxicity to Animals	Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 33100 mg/kg (Rat) (Calculated value for the mixture). Acute dermal toxicity (LD50): 10600 mg/kg (Rabbit) (Calculated value for the mixture).
Chronic Effects on Humans	<b>MUTAGENIC EFFECTS</b> : Mutagenic for mammalian somatic cells. [Acetic acid]. Mutagenic for bacteria and/or yeast. [Acetic acid].
Other Toxic Effects on Humans	Very hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant). Hazardous in case of ingestion, . Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (corrosive, permeator), of eye contact (corrosive).
Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals	Not available.
Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans	May affect genetic material and may cause reproductive effects based on animal data. No human data found. (Acetic acid)
Special Remarks on other Toxic Effects on Humans	Acute Potential Health Effects Skin: Extremely initiating and corrosive. Causes skin initiation (reddening and itching, inflammation). May cause blistering, tissue damage and bums Eyes Extremely initiating and corrosive. Causes eye initiation, lacrimation, redness, and pain. May cause bums, blurred vision, conjunctivitis, conjunctival and corneal destruction and permanent injury. Inhalation: Causes severe respiratory tract irritation. Affects the sense organs (nose, ear, eye, taste), and blood. May cause chemical pneumonitis, bronchitis, and pulmonary edema. Severe exposure may result in lung tissue damage and corrosion (ulceration) of the mucous membranes. Inhalation may also cause rhinitis, sneezing, coughing, oppressive feeling in the chest or chest pain, dyspnea, wheezing, tachypnea, cyanosis, salivation, nausea, giddiness, muscular weakness. Ingestion: Moderately toxic. Corrosive. Causes gastrointestinal tract irritation (burning and pain of the mouth, throat, and abdomen, coughing, ulceration, bleeding, nausea, abdomial spasms, vomiting, hematemesis, diarrhea. May

Acetic Acid, 10% (w/	V) Page Number: 5				
	Also affect the liver (impaired liver function), behavior (convulsions, giddines, muscular weakness), and the urina system - kidneys (Hematuria, Albuminuria, Nephrosis, acute renal failure, acute tubular necrosis). May also cause dyspnea or asphyxia. May also lead to shock, coma and death. Chronic Potential Health Effects Chronic exposure via ingestion may cause blackening or erosion of the teeth and jaw necrosis, pharyngitis, ar gastritis. It may also behavior (similar to acute ingestion), and metabolism (weight loss). Chronic exposure via inhalation may cause asthma and/or bronchitis with cough, phlegm, and/or shortness of breath It may also affect the blood (decreased leukocyte count), and urinary system (kidneys). Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause thickening, blackening, and cracking of the skin. (Acetic Acid)				
Section 12. Ecologica	al Information				
Ecotoxicity	Not available.				
BOD5 and COD	Not available.				
Products of Biodegradation	Possibly hazardous short term degradation products are not likely. However, long term degradation products marise.				
Toxicity of the Products of Biodegradation	The product itself and its products of degradation are not toxic.				
Special Remarks on the Products of Biodegradation	Not available.				
Section 13. Disposal C	Considerations				
Waste Disposal	Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations.				
Section 14. Transport	Information				
DOTClassification	Class 8: Corrosive material				
Identification	: Acetic acid solution UNNA: 2790 PG: III				
Special Provisions for Transport	Not available.				
DOT (Pictograms)	CORRELATIVE A				
Section 15. Other Reg	gulatory Information and Pictograms				
Federal and State Regulations	New York release reporting list: Acetic acid Rhode Island RTK hazardous substances: Acetic acid Pennsylvania RTK: Acetic acid Florida: Acetic acid Minnesota: Acetic acid Massachusetts RTK: Acetic acid New Jersey: Acetic acid California Director's List of Hazardous Substances: Acetic acid TSCA 8(b) inventory: Water, Acetic acid				
California Proposition 65	California prop. 65. This product contains the following ingredients for which the State of California has found cause cancer which would require a warning under the statute: No products were found.				
Warnings	California prop. 65: This product contains the following ingredients for which the State of California has found cause birth defects which would require a warning under the statute: No products were found.				
	OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).				
Other Regulations					

Acetic Acid, 10% (w	v/v)					Page Number: 6
Other Classifications	WHMIS (Canada)	CLASS	E: Corrosive liquid.			
	DSCL (EEC)	uses burns.	S26- In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice. S36/37/39- Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection. S45- In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).			
HMIS (US.A.)	Health Hazard Fire Hazard Reactivity Personal Protection	3 0 0	National Fire Protection Association (US.A.)	Health	200	Flanmability Reactivity Specific hazard
WHMIS (Canada) (Pictograms)			-			
DSCL (Europe) (Pictograms)						
TDG (Canada) (Pictograms)						
ADR (Europe) (Pictograms)						
Protective Equipment	Glov	ves				
	Full	suit.				
	Vap app	or respirator. roved/certifie	. Be sure to use an ed respirator or equivalent.			
	Faα	e shield.				

Acetic Acid, 10% (w/v)	Page Number: 7
Section 16. Other Information	
MSDS Code A329S	
References Not available.	
Other Special Not available. Considerations	
Validated by Sonia Owen on 12/17/2008.	Verified by Sonia Owen. Printed 12/19/2008.
CALL (310) 516-8000	

## Notice to Reader

All chemicals may pose unknown hazards and should be used with caution. This Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) applies only to the material as packaged. If this product is combined with other materials, deteriorates, or becomes contaminated, it may pose hazards not mentioned in this MSDS. It shall be the user's responsibility to develop proper methods of handling and personal protection based on the actual conditions of use. While this MSDS is based on technical data judged to be reliable, Spectrum Quality Products, Inc. assumes no responsibility for the completeness or accuracy of the information contained herein.