



Material Safety Data Sheet

NFPA	HMIS	Personal Protective Equipment
OXY	Health Hazard Fire Hazard 0	
0,0,1	Reactivity	See Section 15.

Section 1. Chemical Product and Company Identification			Page Number: 1
Common Name/ Trade Name	Ammonia Electrode Filling Solution, APHA	Catalog Number(s).	A-475
		CAS#	Mixture.
Manufacturer	SPECTRUM LABORATORY PRODUCTS INC.	RTECS	Not applicable.
	14422 S. SAN PEDRO STREET GARDENA, CA 90248	TSCA	TSCA 8(b) inventory: Water; Sodium nitrate; Ammonium chloride; Silver nitrate
Commercial Name(s)	Not available.	CI#	Not applicable.
Synonym	Not available.	IN CASE OF EMERGENCY	
Chemical Name	Not applicable.		C (24hr) 800-424-9300
Chemical Family	Chloride salt. (Salt.)		16-8000
Chemical Formula	Not applicable.		
Supplier	SPECTRUM LABORATORY PRODUCTS INC. 14422 S. SAN PEDRO STREET GARDENA, CA 90248		

Section 2.Composition and Information on Ingredients						
				Exposure Limits		
Name		CAS#	TWA (mg/m³)	STEL (mg/m³)	CEIL (mg/m³)	% by Weight
1) Water 2) Sodium nitrate 3) Ammonium chloride 4) Silver nitrate		7732-18-5 7631-99-4 12125-02-9 7761-88-8	10 0.01	20		91 8.5 0.54 0.0051
Toxicological Data on Ingredients Sodium nitrate: ORAL (LD50): Acute: 1267 mg/kg [Rat]. 2680 mg/kg [Rabbit]. Ammonium chloride: ORAL (LD50): Acute: 1650 mg/kg [Rat]. 1300 mg/kg [Mouse]. Silver nitrate: ORAL (LD50): Acute: 1173 mg/kg [Rat]. 50 mg/kg [Mouse]. 473 mg/kg [Guinea pig].		1				

Section 3. Hazards Identification

Potential Acute Health Effects

Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of eye contact (irritant), of ingestion, of inhalation. Prolonged exposure may result in skin burns and ulcerations. Over-exposure by inhalation may cause respiratory irritation.

Potential Chronic Health

Tealth CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.

Effects

MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Mutagenic for bacteria and/or yeast. [Sodium nitrate].

TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. **DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY**: Not available. The substance may be toxic to blood.

Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage.

Section 4. First A	Section 4. First Aid Measures		
Eye Contact	Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Cold water may be used. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.		
Skin Contact	Wash with soap and water. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. Get medical attention if irritation develops. Cold water may be used.		
Serious Skin Contact	Not available.		
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.		
Serious Inhalation	Not available.		
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention if symptoms appear.		
Serious Ingestion	Not available.		

Section 5. Fire and E.	xplosion Data
Flammability of the Product	Non-flammable.
Auto-Ignition Temperature	Not applicable.
Flash Points	Not applicable.
Flammable Limits	Not applicable.
Products of Combustion	Not available.
Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Not applicable.
Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Non-explosive in presence of open flames and sparks, of shocks.
Fire Fighting Media and Instructions	Not applicable.
Special Remarks on Fire Hazards	Not available.
Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards	It will react explosively with hydrocarbons. Interaction of nitrates when heated with amidosulfates(sulfamates) may become explosively violent owing to liberation of dinitrogen oxide and steam. Mixtures of sodium nitrate with powdered aluminum or its oxide were reported to be explosive. Mixtures of sodium nitrate and barium thiocyanate may explode. Mixture with sodium nitrate and powdered antimony explode. Mixture of sodium nitrate and sodium thiosulfate or sodium phosphinate explode. (Sodium nitrate)

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Section 6. Accidental	Release Measures		
Small Spill	Dilute with water and mop up, or absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Finish cleaning by spreading water on the contaminated surface and dispose of according to local and regional authority requirements.		
Large Spill	Stop leak if without risk. Avoid contact with a combustible material (wood, paper, oil, clothing). Keep substance damp using water spray. Do not touch spilled material. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed. Call for assistance on disposal. Finish cleaning by spreading water on the contaminated surface and allow to evacuate through the sanitary system. Be careful that the product is not present at a concentration level above TLV. Check TLV on the MSDS and with local authorities.		
Section 7. Handling a	and Storage		
Precautions	ingest. Do not breathe gas/fumes/ vapor/spray.	Wear su	on. Keep away from combustible material. Do no uitable protective clothing. If ingested, seek medica Keep away from incompatibles such as combustible
Storage	Keep container tightly closed. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Separate from acids, alkalies, reducing agents and combustibles. See NFPA 43A, Code for the Storage of Liquid and Solid Oxidizers.		
Section 8. Exposure	Controls/Personal Protection		
Engineering Controls	Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value.		
Personal Protection	Safety glasses. Lab coat. Gloves (impervious). Respiratory protection is not necessary for normal handling. Adequate general (room) ventilation or local exhaust (fume hood) is sufficient. Use a vapor respirator under conditions where exposure to the substance is apparent (e.g. generation of high concentrations of mist or vapor, inadequate ventilation, development of respiratory tract irritation), and engineering controls are not feasible. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent.		
Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill	Splash goggles. Full suit. Boots. Gloves. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.		
Exposure Limits	Ammonium chloride TWA: 10 STEL: 20 (mg/m³) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] Inhalation TWA: 10 STEL: 20 (mg/m³) [United Kingdom (UK)] Inhalation TWA: 10 STEL: 20 (mg/m³) from NIOSH [United States] Inhalation TWA: 10 STEL: 20 (mg/m³) from OSHA (PEL) [United States]		
	Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure li	mits.	
Section 9. Physical a	nd Chemical Properties		
-	Liquid. (Hazy (Turbid) liquid.)	Odor	Not available.
Molecular Weight	Not applicable.	Taste	Not available.
pH (1% soln/water)	Not available	Color	Colorless.
Boiling Point	The lowest known value is 100°C (212°F) (Water)		
Melting Point	Not available.		
Critical Temperature	Not available.		
Specific Gravity	Weighted average: 1.05 (Water = 1)		
Vapor Pressure	The highest known value is 2.3 kPa (@ 20°C) (Water).		
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Vapor Density	The highest known value is 0.62 (Air = 1) (Water).	

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Not available.

Not available.

Odor Threshold

Water/Oil Dist. Coeff.

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Ionicity (in Water)	Not available.	
Dispersion Properties	See solubility in water, methanol.	
Solubility	Easily soluble in cold water, hot water. Partially soluble in methanol. Very slightly soluble in diethyl ether, acetone.	

Section 10. Stability	Section 10. Stability and Reactivity Data		
Stability	The product is stable.		
Instability Temperature	Not available.		
Conditions of Instability	Incompatible materials		
Incompatibility with various substances	Reactive with combustible materials, organic materials. Slightly reactive to reactive with reducing agents, acids.		
Corrosivity	Not available		
Special Remarks on Reactivity	Fibrous organic material is oxidized in contact with sodium nitrate above 160 deg. C and will ignite below 220 C. Wood and similar cellulosic materials are rendered highly combustible by nitrate imgregnation. Reacts with acids to emit toxic fumes of nitrogen dioxide. Also incompatible with boron phosphide, barium rhodanide, cyanides, sodium thiosulfate, hypophosphites such as sodium hypophosphite, sulfur plus charcoal, antimony, chlorides, aluminum and stannous chloride, esters, powdered metals such as zinc or aluminum or aluminum oxide, isothiocyanates, thiocyanates, phosphorus, organic materials, combustible materials, acids, pyrosulfites, sulfides, amides, bisulfites, hydrazine, ammonium sulfate, amides, amines, phospham. Sodium nitrate + amines may for nitroasmines which have been proven to be carcinogenic in aminal tests. (Sodium nitrate)		
Special Remarks on Corrosivity	Not available.		
Polymerization	Will not occur.		

Section 11. Toxicolo	Section 11. Toxicological Information		
Routes of Entry	Skin contact. Eye contact.		
Toxicity to Animals	Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 1267 mg/kg [Rat]. (Sodium nitrate).		
Chronic Effects on Humans	MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Mutagenic for bacteria and/or yeast. [Sodium nitrate]. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood.		
Other Toxic Effects on Humans	Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of ingestion, of inhalation.		
Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals	Lowest Published Lethal Dose: LDL [Human Infant] - Route: Oral; Dose: 2000 mg/kg (Ammonium chloride)		
Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans	May affect genetic material (mutagenic). May cause adverse reproductive effects based on animal test data. May cause cancer based on animal test data. (Sodium nitrate)		
Special Remarks on other Toxic Effects on Humans	Acute Potential Health Effects: Skin: May cause skin irritation. Eyes: May cause eye irritation. Inhalation: Inhalation of mist or vapor may cause respiratory tract irritation. Ingestion: May cause digestive/gastrointestinal tract irritation with nausea, vomiting, diarrhea. This product contains Sodium Nitrate which may cause metabolic acidosis. Sodium nitrate may also be converted to the nitrite in vivo (in the stomach). The primary toxic effects of nitrites include orthostatic hypotension (due to perpheral vasodilation) and methemoglobinemia (the formation of methemoglobin in the blood which causes deficient oxygenation of the blood due to decreased available hemoglobin). Other symptoms may include muscular weakness, dizziness, lightheadness, fatigue, throbbing headache, mental impairment, incoordination, seizures convulsions, bradycardia or tachydardia (slow or fast heart beat), dysrhythmias, dyspnea. Furthermore, methemoglobinemia due to		

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inadequate oxygenation of the blood can lead to progressive cyanosis, and coma. Cyanosis is first visible as a bluish discoloration of the mucous membranes and unpigmented areas of the body.

Chronic Potential Health Effects:

Ingestion: The product contains Sodium Nitrate. Under some circumstances methemoglobinemia occurs individuals when the nitrate is converted by bacteria in the stomach to the nitrite. Nausea, vomiting, dizziness, rapid or slow heart beat, irregular breathing, convulsions, coma and death can occur should this conversion take place. Repeated or prolonged ingestion may also affect the liver and cause anorexia (weight loss).

Section 12. Ecological Information		
Ecotoxicity	Not available.	
BOD5 and COD	Not available.	
Products of Biodegradation	Possibly hazardous short term degradation products are not likely. However, long term degradation products may arise.	
Toxicity of the Products of Biodegradation	Not available.	
Special Remarks on the Products of Biodegradation	Not available.	

Section 13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal

Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations.

Section 14. Transport Information		
DOT Classification	Not a DOT controlled material (United States).	
Identification	Not applicable.	
Special Provisions for Transport	Not applicable.	
DOT (Pictograms)		

Section 15. Other Regulatory Information and Pictograms

Federal and State Regulations Connecticut hazardous material survey.: Sodium nitrate; Silver nitrate

Illinois toxic substances disclosure to employee act: Ammonium chloride

Illinois chemical safety act: Ammonium chloride; Silver nitrate

New York release reporting list: Ammonium chloride New York acutely hazardous substances: Silver nitrate

Rhode Island RTK hazardous substances: Sodium nitrate; Ammonium chloride; Silver nitrate

Pennsylvania RTK: Sodium nitrate; Ammonium chloride; Silver nitrate

Minnesota: Ammonium chloride

Massachusetts RTK: Sodium nitrate; Ammonium chloride; Silver nitrate

Massachusetts spill list: Ammonium chloride; Silver nitrate New Jersey: Sodium nitrate; Ammonium chloride; Silver nitrate New Jersey spill list: Ammonium chloride; Silver nitrate

Louisiana spill reporting: Ammonium chloride; Silver nitrate

California Director's List of Hazardous Substances: Ammonium chloride; Silver nitrate

TSCA 8(b) inventory: Water; Sodium nitrate; Ammonium chloride; Silver nitrate

CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: Ammonium chloride: 5000 lbs. (2268 kg); Silver nitrate: 1 lbs. (0.4536 kg);

Ammonia Electrode Filling Solution, APHA Page Number: 6 California California prop. 65: This product contains the following ingredients for which the State of California has found Proposition 65 to cause cancer which would require a warning under the statute: No products were found. Warnings California prop. 65: This product contains the following ingredients for which the State of California has found to cause birth defects which would require a warning under the statute: No products were found. **Other Regulations** Not available WHMIS (Canada) Not controlled under WHMIS (Canada). **Other Classifications** DSCL (EEC) Not available Not available **Health Hazard** HMIS (U.S.A.) (1) **National Fire Protection** Flammability Association (U.S.A.) Fire Hazard 0 Health Reactivity Reactivity 0 Specific hazard Personal Protection В WHMIS (Canada) (Pictograms) **DSCL** (Europe) (Pictograms) TDG (Canada) (Pictograms) ADR (Europe) (Pictograms) **Protective Equipment** Gloves (impervious). Lab coat. Not applicable. Safety glasses.

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Section 16. Other Information		
MSDS Code	A0291	
References	Not available.	
Other Special Considerations	Uses: Manufacture of enamels for pottery, Nitric acid, Sodium Nitrite; in matches; catalyst in manufacture of Sulfuric acid; pickling meats; fertilizer for cotton, tobacco, and vegetable crops; oxidizing component of explosives and blasting agents; oxidizer and fluxing agent in the manufacture of glass and enamels; component of charcoal briquettes, heat-transfer salt; curing agent and preservative in meats; for recovery of tin from scrap (Sodium nitrate)	
Validated by Sonia Owen on 9/18/2007.		Verified by Sonia Owen. Printed 10/26/2007.
CALL (310) 516-80	00	

Notice to Reader

All chemicals may pose unknown hazards and should be used with caution. This Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) applies only to the material as packaged. If this product is combined with other materials, deteriorates, or becomes contaminated, it may pose hazards not mentioned in this MSDS. It shall be the user's responsibility to develop proper methods of handling and personal protection based on the actual conditions of use. While this MSDS is based on technical data judged to be reliable, Spectrum Quality Products, Inc. assumes no responsibility for the completeness or accuracy of the information contained herein.